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MATHESIANA: Baja California Culture Historical Studies
in Honor of W. Michael Mathes
Pacific Coast Archaeological Society Quarterly

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Cover: Mission San Javier, Baja California Sur. Photo by Fermín Reygadas Dahl.
About the Guest Editors

Matthew A. Boxt received a BA from UC Berkeley (1976) and his MA (1979) and Ph.D. (1993) from the University of California, Los Angeles. Boxt is a Fulbright Fellow (1986) and has conducted archaeological fieldwork in Belize, Guatemala, Mexico, and California. He has published numerous articles, monographs, and books on both California and Mesoamerican archaeology. In recent years he has served as a Guest Editor for the PCAS Quarterly, contributing original research articles about Alta and Baja California. He has collaborated with Dr. Brian D. Dillon on many publications since 1981.

Brian Dervin Dillon is a fifth generation Californian with roots going back to the Gold Rush. An archaeologist, he is the son and father of historians. Dillon’s University of California, Berkeley, Ph.D. in Maya archaeology was, at age 25, the youngest in the history of the department. A Phi Beta Kappa and Fulbright Fellow, Dr. Dillon is the recipient of numerous grants, fellowships, and awards for his research and writing. For more than 40 years he has done archaeology all over California, in Guatemala, and in three other Central American countries. He has published over a hundred articles, monographs, and books on archaeology and history and has authored more than 300 contract archaeology reports.
About the Authors

Thomas Bowen is professor emeritus of anthropology at California State University, Fresno, and a research associate at the University of Arizona Southwest Center. He began studying the archaeology and ethnohistory of the Midriff Islands in the Gulf of California in 1967. His publications on this area, *Seri Prehistory: The Archaeology of the Central Coast of Sonora, Mexico* (1976); *The Record of Native People on Gulf of California Islands* (2009); and a book, *Unknown Island: Seri Indians, Europeans, and San Esteban Island in the Gulf of California* (2000), are basic resources for all Baja California scholars. Dr. Bowen is currently finishing a ten-year inventory of cultural resources on the western Midriff Islands, including Isla Ángel de la Guarda.

Karina Busto-Ibarra was awarded a BA in history (1999) from the Universidad Autónoma de Baja California Sur, México and received her Ph.D. in history (2008) from El Colegio de México. She has done extensive research on nineteenth century Pacific Mexico, especially on the interconnections between Mexican, United States, and Panamanian ports. Her primary interests are interdisciplinary approaches to history, historical geography, economic history, and international relations. She has published several articles and book chapters on Mexican ports, travelers, nautical cartography, historical geography, and Baja California. Her most recent book is *Comercio marítimo en los puertos de La Paz y Santa Rosalía, Distrito Sur de la Baja California, 1880–1910*.

Javier Arce Meza graduated with a degree in Alternative Tourism from the Universidad Autónoma de Baja California Sur, where he now works as an instructor in that department. Since 2011, Arce Meza has been working with Fermín Reygadas, surveying, mapping, and evaluating the vast range of cultural resources in Baja California Sur, which is supported jointly by the Universidad Autónoma de Baja California Sur, the Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología, and the Government of Baja California Sur.

The late W. Michael Mathes received his BS at Loyola University, Los Angeles, his MA at the University of Southern California, and his Ph.D. from the University of New Mexico. He was the recipient of research grants from the Fulbright Commission, Del Amo Foundation, and John Carter Brown Library. From 1966 to 1992, he was Professor of Ibero-American History at the University of San Francisco, then Professor Emeritus. From 1974 until his death in 2012, he was a researcher at the Instituto de Investigaciones Históricas, Universidad Autónoma de Baja California. From 1979 until his death, he was Curator of Mexicana at Sutro Library, San Francisco. He was the founder and director of the Biblioteca Mathes, Colegio de Jalisco, beginning in 1995. Dr. Mathes was a member of the Academia Mexicana de la Historia, Sociedad Mexicana de Geografía y Estadística, and American Academy of Franciscan History. He was awarded the Orden Mexicana del Águila Azteca and Encomienda de la Orden de Isabel la Católica (Spain), and Doctor Honoris Causa by the Universidad Autónoma de Baja California. Dr. Mathes published dozens of books and hundreds of articles on the history, geography, and ethnography of Baja California.
El Molto is professor of biological anthropology at Western University in London, Ontario, Canada. His research focuses on the skeletal biology, paleogenetics (both morphogenetic and ancient DNA), and paleoepidemiology of ancient desert populations. He has directed international bioarchaeology projects in the Dakhleh Oasis, Egypt, in Anyang, China, and in the Cape Region of Baja California. He developed the first aDNA laboratory (Lakehead University Paleo-DNA Laboratory) in Canada and a major private forensic laboratory (Molecular World Inc.), both in Thunder Bay, Ontario. His genetic research in Baja California was recently highlighted in an award-winning documentary on the CBC/Radio-Canada program *The Nature of Things* entitled “The Lost People of Baja California.” Since the early 1990s, he has published over a dozen research papers on Las Palmas bioarchaeology and is currently writing a book on this subject.

Fermín Reygadas Dahl has a BA in archaeology from the National School of Anthropology and History in Mexico City and an MS in geosciences from Mississippi State University, Starkville (2006). He is currently a professor and researcher in the Social Sciences Division at the Autonomous University of Baja California Sur (UABCS), La Paz. He is widely recognized as an authority on Baja California, with 39 years experience in the field. He has written extensively on the Cape Region Pericú Indians, focusing on their settlement and subsistence patterns. In recent years, Professor Reygadas Dahl has studied the technology and subsistence economics of ancient Californians through experimental archaeology, presenting his conclusions in lectures, talks, and displays at museums in Cabo San Lucas, La Paz, Mexico City, and Tijuana. Reygadas Dahl is co-principal investigator of the UABCS-CSU Northridge Piedra Pintada Archaeological Research Project, and he has been responsible for developing curriculum for a UABCS-CSUN distance-learning program, blending classroom and field experiences. Since 2011, Reygadas Dahl and Arce Meza have worked together on the Oasis of Baja California Sur Project, identifying and evaluating the diverse natural and cultural resources in Baja California Sur. This project is sponsored by UACBS, the Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología, and the Government of Baja California Sur.